ting to the Circumstances that attended the Passing of that Bill, were extremely erroneous. That there was no fach Observation, during the Debate, made by any Member in the House, as, that where the Colonies stand on such high Pretensions of Independency on the supreme legislative Authority of Great-Britain, there is no moderating any Thing. That it was so far from being true, that at the Debate in the House, when the Resolves passed, not a Man Spoke cubo did not declare bis Opinion that America ought to be taxed, that the Speakers in favour of the Colonies were more numerous than their Opposers, much better Speakers, and incomparably superior in Point of Argument, tho' out number'd by the ministerial Party, and De-

pendants upon Court-Favour. The Bill was introduced by Mr. Grenville, Chancellor of the Exchequer, with a long Speech, more specious than solid, [the Subflance of which, and of all the Arguments of the other Speakers in fawour of the Bill, we are informed are contain'd, in almost their very Words, in a Pamphlet published in London.] Several Members then spoke on each Side the Question, but the most remarkable in favour of the Colonies was Colonel BARRE, [a Gentleman of the Army, Member for the Borough of Chipping Wycomb, in the County of Bucks; he was a Major and an Adjutant General at the taking of Quebec, where he was wounded, and for his Services was rewarded with the Place of Governor of a Castle; but was dismissed from it on his voting against some ministerial Measures.] He made a most excellent Speech, wherein he afferted the Colonies Rights, urged their Services and Importance to Great Britain, resented the Hardships and Indignities that had been put upon them, particularly, in cramping their Trade, in extending the Jurisdiction of the Court of Admiralty, (so that a Man might be called 1500 Miles, from Georgia, to answer an Information laid against him in Halifax) and in the Appointment of Persons to Places of high Trust and Importance without either Characters or Qualifications to fill them with Dignity, or discharge the necessary Duties.—He mentioned the Appointment of a Judge for one of the Colonies, who he said to his certain Knowledge had not long before been obliged to hold up his Hand at a Bar.—He observed that Great-Britain called berself the Mother Country, but cautioned her to beware that she did not give the Colonies just Reason to think her rather a cruel Step Dame than a Mother; he said they had been planted with little or no Cost to Great-Britain, many of them without any, and had amply repaid her by their Trade, for all the Services she had ever done them? That the very Charges of the War for which the Tax was proposed to be raised, was for her own Sake not theirs, who had like-wise been at great Expences on their own Account in the same Cause; and that it was more unreafonable to impose a Tax on them for defending them, than it would have been to demand a Reimbursement of the Expences of defending Portugal and Germany. He said the Americans were a brave People, inflexibly loyal, and affectionately attached to his Majesty's Person and Family, and the British Constitution; and still retain'd that high Sense and Estimation of Freedom, and their native Rights, to preferve which they quitted their native Country, and fled to a Wilderness inhabited by barbarous Savages, whom they chose to encounter rather than bear Oppression; And that if they were permitted peaceably to enjoy their Rights, they would in a few Years be the strongest Bulwark to the British Monarchy. That in a late War they had defended themselves, without any Affistance from Great-Britain, and by taking Cape-Breton had given Peace to England: In short, it was obferved of this Gentleman, that he faid all that could be expected or defired from a warm Friend to the Colonies, heartily attach'd to, and acquainted with their Interests.—And for his difin-terested Endeavours in Desence of constitutional Rights, and the injured Colonies, deserves to have

Statues erected to his Honour. We are further informed, that tho' every Art had been used to make the Stamp Duty a popular Measure, yet that in a full House, supposed to be about 400, there was but a Majority of about 40 Voices in favour of the Bill-[other Accounts indeed mention that there was about 40 against the Bill on a Division, but both the Accounts may possibly be right, for when the Majority is certainly known, many that voted with the Minority do not divide with them.] Without Doors we hear, every Person who was at all qualified to form any Judgment of the Matter, feem'd unanimous in favour of the Colonies. And it was hoped they would affert their Rights, by Resolves enter'd

on the Journals of their feveral Houses of Assembly, and remonstrate by Petitions to his Majesty and the other Branches of the Legislature, and by every Means in their Power endeavour to frustrate the Defigns form'd to deprive them of one of the most valuable Bleffings that God has bestowed upon them, and reduce them to a Level with abject Slaves that groan under the Tyranny of the most arbitrary Monarchs in the Universe.

ANNAPOLIS, Mar 16. Monday last arrived here in Eleven Weeks from Falmouth, Capt. Thomas Jarrold, who brings a melancholy Account of the Plague being broke out at Scilly. He saw a Letter from a Gentleman in Penzance, to the Collector at Falmouth, requesting him to fend immediately to London, for Orders to stop the Communication; there being a Report that Half the Inhabitants, among whom were the Collector, Surveyor and Comptroller, were then carried off by it. They were taken with a violent Pain in the Back, Fever, and Dizziness, and rarely furviv'd Twenty-four Hours. A Vessel from the Levant, had been lost on the Rocks of Scilly, from which there had drove ashore some Cottons, and it was suppos'd they had thereby caught the Distemper. În 1665, there was a dreadful Plague in London, whereof Died about 100,000.

Last Saturday, at the Mouth of Hungre-River in Derchester County, the Ship Sally, a fine new Vessel, lately Built here, chiefly of Cedar and Mahogany, compleatly Loaded and Fitted for Sea, took Fire, and was Burnt to the Water's Edge, nothing but one Sail, which happen'd to be unbent, and one Cable and the Anchors, were faved. Only the Mate and Two Hands were on Board, the Master being then on the Western Shore, having, with the Owner, left her but Two Days, and the rest of the People being on Shore filling their Water Casks. This Disaster, it is said, was occasioned by the Fire from the Camboose, which was carelessly left, and fell out, and communicated itself to the Rigging, while the three People were Below, and had got to fuch a Head when discovered, that it was unquenchable.

We are informed from undoubted Authority, that a few Weeks ago, a Batteau, loaded with Iron, was navigated from the HAMPTON-FUR-NACE on Pipe-Creek, to the Mouth of Manackafy in Frederick County.

At a Special Court lately held at Frederick-Terun, in Frederick County, Fleetwood Benjon was convicted of Horse-stealing, and received Sentence of Death.

John Davis was fet in the Pillory for a Riot in the County Jail.

Two Persons were convicted of keeping Disorderly Houses.

And John Farrin was Sentenced to One Year's Imprisonment, and then to find Security for his Good Behaviour, for Cutting off Both the Ears of his Wife, and One of her Toes.

WHEREAS John Smith Prather, late of Prince-George's County, deceased, did, on the 15th Day of April, Anno Domini 1763, give his Bond to the Subscriber, obliging himself, his Heirs, or Assigns, under a certain Penalty therein expressed, to convey to the Subscriber, by or before the 10th Day of December next ensuing the Date thereof, all that Tract or Parcel of Land, which was then in the Possession of Jeremiab Prather, junior, being Part of a Tract of Land called Sprigg's Request, lying and being in Prince-George's County aforesaid, containing One Hundred and Eleven Acres; and whereas the faid John Smith Prather died before conveying the faid Land to the Subscriber, and without making any Mention thereof in his Will; by which Means it is appre-hended the said Prather's Heir at Law may claim a Right to the faid Land when he comes of Age; and whereas the Subscriber has, fince the Decease of the said John Smith Prather, paid to his Executrix, the Purchase Money for said Land, for which he has her Receipt, and also her Bond, obliging the Heir when of Age to convey to the Subscriber: He therefore takes this Method of acquainting the Public with the whole Transaction, in order to prevent any Purchase being made from the He at Law, as it may be a Means of throwing the Purchaser and the Subscriber into a contentious Law Suit (3") RICHARD DUCKETT.

JOLLY CHESTER, ELONGING to the Subscriber, and to Cover this Season at Two Guineas and a Half, and Rive Shillings to the Groom; the Money to be paid at the Stable Door. He will be kept at Beneditt Calvert's, Elq; in Prince George's County. WILLIAM YELDELL.

PREROGATIVE OFFICE. DUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned, That the Prerogative Court of this Province, which was to have met on this Day, is, on Account of the Small-Pox being yet in Town Adjourned to Wednesday the 19th Day of Jan (Signed per Order)

ELIE VALLETTE, Reg: Cur: Pri:

BALTIMORE-TOWN, April 20, 1765. Y Virtue of his Lordship's Writ of Vendina B Exponas, to me directed, will be Exposed w Sale, by Public Vendue, on Monday the Twenty. feventh Day of May next, on the Premises, Twenty Acres of LAND, with a commodious DWELLING-HOUSE, Orchard, Kitchen, Store-House, Cooper's Shop, Stable, and other Out-Housest Also, A Compleat MERCHANT MILL, on a good Stream of Water, on the Head of Swar. Creek, with Two Pair of Stones, in good Repair, fit for Merchant and Country Business, pleasantly situated, in a fine Grain Country, and a good Neighbourhood, and within a Mile of Susquebarra Lower Perry, and Half a Mile of a good Landing on Savan-Creek; being late the Property of Sanut Hill, and taken in Execution by Nichelas Macch bin of Annapolis, and Sold agreeable to Act of Assembly, by Robert Adair, Sheriff of Baltimore County,

BALTIMORE-TOWN, May 1, 176; HIS is to defire all Persons Indebted to me, either upon Mortgage, Bill of Sale, Boed, Protested Bill, Note, or open Accounts, to come immediately and pay the same, or settle to my Satisfaction. Attendance will be constantly given, at my Store in Baltimore-Town, by Mr. William Goodwin, who is authorized in the Time of my Absence from said Store, to adjust and settle all Accounts, &c. whose Receipt shall be good for all Payments made to him: And Notice is hereby given to all such Persons as neglect to comply with the above Request, that the proper Suits at Law will be immediately commenced against them, by (4^w) J. RIDGELY.

THOMAS SMITH, from Philadelphia, and

NATHANIEL BUNKER, from New-England,

COOPERS,

AVE just open'd their Cooper's-Shop, at

the lower End of Prince-George's Street, cal be supplied with CASKS of any Sort or Size, and with any Quantity, done in the best Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates, by

Their bumble Servants,

SMITH & BUNKER!

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, OFFEE, CHOCOLATE, Loaf SUGAR by the Hundred or fingle Loaf, Liston LE MONS by the Cheft or Dozen, Barrell'd PORK, FLOUR, Ship BREAD; likewife, Black and White OAKUM. (4") SAMUEL MIDDLETON.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subscriber, on the 22d Day of August next, being the 3d Day of Court, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, for Sterling Money, or Bill if

VERY valuable Tract of LAND called Aix-la-Chapelle, containing 1792 Acres, being and lying in Frederick County, on the main Branch of Seneca, and near the Mouth of the said Branch; the Land is well wooded and watered. One Year's Credit will be given, for one Half of the purchase Money (if desired) upon giving good

Security, and paying Interest.

(1f) CHARLES CARROLL, junt.

TRAYED from the Subscriber's on Bra Creek, in Frederick County, last Month, thin Mouse colour'd Horse, about 14 Hands high, paces naturally, his Brand, if any, forgot.

Also a well made Iron Grey Horse Hands high, paces and trots, branded on the near Buttock T I. Both of them were shod before, and are supposed

to have made towards Calvert County. Whoever will deliver them to Besjamin Jobses, near Calvert County Court-House, Themas Jobses in Annapolis, or the Subscriber, shall be pairty Shillings, or Fifteen Shillings for either Information is given where they may it the Favour will be thankfully acknow

(") Me The golmoon

UST OCTOR 7A Sold at a chea manded in Stores. Mr. Maine

JUS,T I And to be Sold by the rough and Queen dian Corn, &c. J dos and Philade Single Refin'd Ditto,

ger, and Fine Salt. He will be obliged Anne for Dealings in come, fettle, and pay Bills, Wheat, or India (3^w)



7UST IMPORT in the Snow Catho Mafter,

A FEW Lumping well Afforted, w bly, for Cash, Bills o Any Person inclinable Parcels, may fee the Terms, by applying t Port-Tobacco, or the f Snow at Nanjemoy. -

N. B. The Snow is will take some Tobacco Sterling, with Liberty

Patowmack River, Geor

N the First Mone exposed to Publ One very valuable LOT in Front, and 216 Feet is a new Dwelling-Hou Brick Chimnies, and a the House, a new House and a very large new Ba on the fame Lot, a ver having a constant Stream

At the same Time wi Estate of William Ducker Town, Tanner, confishin (one a Boy about 7 Ye about 9 Years old,) Ho Huge, a Quantity of T Cart well shod.

All Persons who have the Estate of the said W to give them in to the Si be adjusted and paid wi are Indebted to the faid charge what they owe in will be taken, that may to them, as to

MARY B JOSIAH B

R AN away on the 1 Country-born Neg about 30 Years of Age, 5 well made, a plaufible fe of Strong Liquor, and when Drunk, and plays Had on a dyed Cotton C Jacket, good Shoes and and feveral good Cloaths Whoever will deliver h lower Part of Frederick C

Shillings Reward, paid b R AN away from the S named Simon, a like 5 Feet of or 10 Inches hig when he went away, an Sailor's Jacket, good Ya Whoever secures the sa brought or conveyed to Berchefter County, shall

and reasonable (A. Sife,